CULBERT 10/057081

=> FILE HCAPLUS
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 10 Feb 2003 VOL 138 ISS 7 FILE LAST UPDATED: 9 Feb 2003 (20030209/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> D QUE L33
            9073 SEA FILE-WPIX ABB-ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
L6
                  ALUMINIUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L18
            4789 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#
T.19
             380 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                             COAT? (3A) (BELL# OR CUP#)
1.20
              42 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND L19
               4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND PAINT?
6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND ELECTROSTA?
0 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND (SILICON OR SI) (2A) (C OR
L21
L22
L23
                  CARBON)
               2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND WEAR? (3A) (RESIST? OR INHIBIT?)
L24
L25
           34194 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
                 ALUMINIUM) (5A) (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L26
              25 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 AND L25
              14 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND COATING?/SC,SX,AB,BI
L28
               O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND WEAR?
L29
L30
               O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND ?WEAR?
               2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND ELECTROSTA?
L31
               2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND PAINT?
L32
              10 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24) OR (L29 OR
L33
                 ™30 OR L31 OR L32)
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=> FILE WSCA

FILE 'WSCA' ENTERED AT 16:04:12 ON 10 FEB 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 PAINT RESEARCH

FILE LAST UPDATED: 30 JAN 2003 <20030130/UP>
FILE COVERS 1976 TO DATE

=> D QUE L41

L6 9073 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR ALUMINUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L18 4789 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#
L19 380 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON COAT?(3A)(BELL# OR CUP#)

| CULBERT | 10/0570    | Page 2  |
|---------|------------|---|
| L20     |            | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND L19  |
| L21     |            | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND PAINT?                                       |
| L22     | 6 S        | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND ELECTROSTA?                                  |
| L23     | 0 Si<br>Ci | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND (SILICON OR SI)(2A)(C OR ARBON)              |
| L24     | 2 S1       | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND WEAR?(3A)(RESIST? OR INHIBIT?)               |
| L25     | 34194 SI   | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR                 |
|         | A          | LUMINIUM) (5A) (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)                                    |
| L26     |            | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 AND L25  |
| L28     | 14 SI      | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND COATING?/SC,SX,AB,BI                         |
| L29     | 0 SI       | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND WEAR?  |
| L30     |            | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND ?WEAR?                                       |
| L31     |            | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND ELECTROSTA?                                  |
| L32     | 2 51       | EA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND PAINT?                                       |
| L35     |            |   |
| 1133    | J 31       | EA FILE=WSCA ABB=ON (L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24) OR (L29 OR 30 OR L31 OR L32) |
| L36     |            |   |
|         |            | EA FILE=WSCA ABB=ON ELECTROSTIC SPRAYING+NT/CT                              |
| L37     |            | EA FILE=WSCA ABB=ON ELECTROSTATIC SPRAYING+NT/CT                            |
| L39     |            | EA FILE=WSCA ABB=ON L37 AND BELL?(2A)COATING?                               |
| L40     |            | EA FILE=WSCA ABB=ON BELL?(2A)COATING?                                       |
| L41     | 13 SI      | EA FILE=WSCA ABB=ON (L35 OR L36) OR L39 OR L40                              |
|         |            |   |

=> FILE WPIX

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 16:04:25 ON 10 FEB 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT

FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 FEB 2003 <20030206/UP> MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE: 200309 <200309/DW> DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

- >>> DUE TO TECHNICAL ISSUES THE SDIS FOR UPDATES 200302-200304 BASED ON ENTRY DATE (ED) MAY CONTAIN DOCUMENTS PREVIOUSLY DISTRIBUTED. IF YOU ENCOUNTER ANY SURPLUS DOCUMENTS OF THIS KIND, PLEASE CONTACT OUR HELPDESKS. UNJUSTIFIED CHARGES INCURRED WILL BE REVOKED OF COURSE. WE APOLOGIZE FOR ANY INCONVENIENCE CAUSED. <<<
- >>> SLART (Simultaneous Left and Right Truncation) is now available in the /ABEX field. An additional search field /BIX is also provided which comprises both /BI and /ABEX <<<
- >>> PATENT IMAGES AVAILABLE FOR PRINT AND DISPLAY <<<
- >>> FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES, SEE http://www.derwent.com/dwpi/updates/dwpicov/index.html <<<
- >>> FOR A COPY OF THE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX STN USER GUIDE, PLEASE VISIT:

http://www.stn-international.de/training\_center/patents/stn\_guide.pdf <<<

>>> FOR INFORMATION ON ALL DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX USER GUIDES, PLEASE VISIT: http://www.derwent.com/userguides/dwpi\_guide.html <<<

=> D OUE L17

9073 SEA FILE-WPIX ABB-ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700/PARKER LAW 308-4290

|     | ALUMINIUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)                         |
|-----|--|
| L7  | 1121 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#                        |
| L8  | 118 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L7 AND WEAR? (3A) (RESIST? OR INHIBIT?) |
| L9  | 510 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON COAT?(3A)(BELL# OR CUP#)                |
| L10 | 3 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L8 AND L9                                 |
| L11 | 36 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L7 AND L9                                |
| L12 | 1 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L11 AND B05B?/IC                          |
| L13 | 4 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L11 AND B05D?/IC                          |
| L14 | 1 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L11 AND ELECTROSTA?                       |
| L15 | 2 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L9 AND (SILICON OR SI)(2A)(C OR CARBON)   |
| L16 | 2 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L11 AND PAINT?                            |
| L17 | 6 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L10 OR (L12 OR L13 OR L14 OR L15 OR L16)  |
| -   |  |

=> FILE JICST

FILE 'JICST-EPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:04:37 ON 10 FEB 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 Japan Science and Technology Corporation (JST)

FILE COVERS 1985 TO 3 FEB 2003 (20030203/ED)

THE JICST-EPLUS FILE HAS BEEN RELOADED TO REFLECT THE 1999 CONTROLLED TERM (/CT) THESAURUS RELOAD.

```
=> D QUE L44
L6
           9073 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
                ALUMINIUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L18
           4789 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#
            380 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON COAT?(3A)(BELL# OR CUP#)
L19
             42 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND L19
L20
L21
              4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND PAINT?
L22
              6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND ELECTROSTA?
              O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND (SILICON OR SI)(2A)(C OR
L23
                CARBON)
L24
              2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND WEAR? (3A) (RESIST? OR INHIBIT?)
L25
          34194 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
                ALUMINIUM) (5A) (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L26
             25 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 AND L25
L28
             14 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND COATING?/SC, SX, AB, BI
L29
              O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND WEAR?
L30
              O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND ?WEAR?
L31
              2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND ELECTROSTA?
L32
              2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND PAINT?
              1 SEA FILE=JICST-EPLUS ABB=ON (L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24) OR
L44
                (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR L32)
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=> FILE JAPIO
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FILE 'JAPIO' ENTERED AT 16:04:50 ON 10 FEB 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 Japanese Patent Office (JPO) - JAPIO

FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 FEB 2003 <20030210/UP>
FILE COVERS APR 1973 TO AUGUST 30, 2002

<<< GRAPHIC IMAGES AVAILABLE >>>

=> D QUE L43

L6 9073 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR ALUMINUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)

| CULBERT | 10/057081   | Page 4   |
|---------|-------------|--|
| L18     | 4789 SEA    | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#                          |
| L19     |             | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON COAT?(3A)(BELL# OR CUP#)                 |
| L20     |             | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND L19                              |
| L21     | 4 SEA       | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND PAINT?                           |
| L22     |             | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND ELECTROSTA?                      |
| L23     | 0 SEA       | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND (SILICON OR SI)(2A)(C OR         |
|         | CAR         | BON)   |
| L24     | 2 SEA       | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND WEAR? (3A) (RESIST? OR INHIBIT?) |
|         |             |  |
| L25     |             | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR     |
|         |             | MINIUM)(5A)(CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)                         |
| L26     |             | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 AND L25                              |
| L28     | 14 SEA      | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND COATING?/SC,SX,AB,BI             |
| L29     | 0 SEA       | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND WEAR?                            |
| L30     | 0 SEA       | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND ?WEAR?                           |
| L31     |             | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND ELECTROSTA?                      |
| L32     | 2 SEA       | FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND PAINT?                           |
| L43     | 0 SEA       | FILE=JAPIO ABB=ON (L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24) OR (L29 OR      |
|         | <u></u> 130 | OR L31 OR L32)   |
|         |             |  |

## => FILE RAPRA

FILE 'RAPPA' ENTERED AT 16:05:16 ON 10 FEB 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 RAPRA Technology Ltd.

FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 JAN 2003 <20030128/UP>
FILE COVERS 1972 TO DATE

>>> The RAPRA Classification Code is available as a PDF file

>>> and may be downloaded free-of-charge from:

>>> http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/rapra\_classcodes.pdf

| => D OUE L42 |       |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| L6           | 9073  | SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR        |  |  |  |  |
|              |       | ALUMINIUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)                         |  |  |  |  |
| L18          | 4789  | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#                          |  |  |  |  |
| L19          | 380   | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON COAT?(3A)(BELL# OR CUP#)                 |  |  |  |  |
| L20          |       | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND L19                              |  |  |  |  |
| L21          | 4     | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND PAINT?                           |  |  |  |  |
| L22          |       | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND ELECTROSTA?                      |  |  |  |  |
| L23          | 0     | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND (SILICON OR SI) (2A) (C OR       |  |  |  |  |
|              |       | CARBON)  |  |  |  |  |
| L24          | 2     | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND WEAR? (3A) (RESIST? OR INHIBIT?) |  |  |  |  |
|              |       |  |  |  |  |  |
| L25          | 34194 | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR     |  |  |  |  |
|              |       | ALUMINIUM) (5A) (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)                        |  |  |  |  |
| L26          |       | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 AND L25                              |  |  |  |  |
| L28          |       | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND COATING?/SC, SX, AB, BI          |  |  |  |  |
| L29          |       | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND WEAR?                            |  |  |  |  |
| L30          |       | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND ?WEAR?                           |  |  |  |  |
| L31          |       | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND ELECTROSTA?                      |  |  |  |  |
| L32          |       | SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND PAINT?                           |  |  |  |  |
| L42          |       | SEA FILE=RAPRA ABB=ON (L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24) OR (L29 OR      |  |  |  |  |
|              |       | -L30 OR L31 OR L32)  |  |  |  |  |

## => FILE COMPENDEX

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<20030210/UP>

FILE COVERS 1970 TO DATE.

<<< SIMULTANEOUS LEFT AND RIGHT TRUNCATION AVAILABLE IN
THE BASIC INDEX >>>

<>< NEW DISPLAY FORMAT 'SCAN' AVAILABLE NOW >>>

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=> D OUE
            9073 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
L6
                  ALUMINIUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
            4789 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#
L18
             380 SEA\FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
L19
                                            COAT?(3A)(BELL# OR CUP#)
              42 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND L19
4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND PAINT?
6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND ELECTROSTA?
0 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND (SILICON OR SI) (2A) (C OR
L20
L21
L22
L23
                  CARBON)
               2 SEA FILE HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND WEAR? (3A) (RESIST? OR INHIBIT?)
L24
L25
           34194 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
                  ALUMINIUM) (5A) (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L26
              25 SEA FILE=HCARLUS ABB=ON L19 AND L25
L28
              14 SEA FILE=HCAPAUS ABB=ON
                                            L26 AND COATING?/SC, SX, AB, BI
L29
               O SEA FILE=HCAPLOS ABB=ON L28 AND WEAR?
L30
               O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND ?WEAR?
L31
               2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND ELECTROSTA?
               2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS AND BEON L26 AND PAINT?
L32
L45
               O SEA FILE=NTIS ABB=ON
                                          (L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24) OR (L29 OR
                 L30 OR L31 OR L32)
    D QUE L34
≔>
1.6
            9073 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
                 ALUMINIUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L18
            4789 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#
T.19
             380 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON COAT?(3A)(BELL# OR CUP#)
1,20
              42 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND L19
L21
               4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND PAINT?
L22
               6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND ELECTROSTA?
L23
               O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND (SILICON OR SI)(2A)(C OR
                 CARBON)
L24
               2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND WEAR?(3A) (RESIST? OR INHIBIT?)
L25
           34194 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
                 ALUMINIUM) (5A) (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
              25 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 AND L25
L26
L28
              14 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND COATING?/SC,SX,AB,BI
L29
               O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND WEAR?
L30
               O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND ?WEAR?
               2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND ELECTROSTA?
2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND PAINT?
L31
L32
L34
               O SEA FILE=COMPENDEX ABB=ON (L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24) OR (L29
                 ~OR L30 OR L31 OR L32)
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=> FILE NTIS

FILE 'NTIS' ENTERED AT 16:06:11 ON 10 FEB 2003

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 FEB 2003 <20030201/UP>
FILE COVERS 1964 TO DATE.

>>> NTIS HAS BEEN RELOADED. PLEASE SEE HELP RLOAD FOR DETAILS >>>

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=> D QUE L45
L6
             9073 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
                  ALUMINIUM) AND (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L18
             4789 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND COATING#
L19
             380 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON COAT?(3A)(BELL# OR CUP#)
               42 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND L19
4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND PAINT?
6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND ELECTROSTA?
0 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND (SILICON OR SI) (2A) (C OR
L20
L21
L22
L23
                  CARBON)
L24
                2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L20 AND WEAR?(3A) (RESIST? OR INHIBIT?)
L25
           34194 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (AL OR TI OR TITANIUM OR ALUMINUM OR
                  ALUMINIUM) (5A) (CUP# OR BELL# OR ATOMI?)
L26
               25 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 AND L25
              14 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND COATING?/SC,SX,AB,BI
L28
L29
                O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND WEAR?
L30
               O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L28 AND ?WEAR?
               2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND ELECTROSTA?
L31
              2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND PAINT?
L32
L45
               O SEA FILE=NTIS ABB=ON (L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24) OR (L29 OR
                  L30 OR L31 OR L32)
```

=> DUP REM L33 L41 L17 L44

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L41
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L17
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L44

30 DUP REM L33 L41 L17 L44 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

## => D ALL L46 1-30

L46 ANSWER 1 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH
AN 543306 WSCA DN 02-03306
TI New application techniques of water-borne paints for the motor vehicle

Page 7

industry. AU YAMABE H ; BOERNER G SO Surface Coatings Internat. Coatings J. 2002, Vol 85 No A2, 68-72. DTJournal LA English AB Investigation of a newly-developed, external charging bell-type atomiser is described, involving optimising the number of electrodes, measurement of transfer efficiency, fan patterns, flop index, comparison between direct and external charging for transfer efficiency with lapping effect. It is noted that by optimising the number and position of external electrodes and the shaping of the air nozzle arrangements, it has been confirmed that the newly-developed external charging bell-type atomiser demonstrates sufficient performance for motor vehicle exterior painting. CC 49 Pretreatment and Application Spray Guns: rotary, bells/electrodes (external); Electrostatic Spraying: IT rotary, bells/electrodes (external); Water-borne Coatings: electrostatic spraying, bells/electrodes (external); Vehicles, Motor: water-bornes, electrostatic spraying ST APP; metallic flake orientation; metallic pigment; rotary electrostatic spraying; atomisation; spray gun; water-borne coating ANSWER 2 OF 30 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT 2001-425188 [45] AN WPIX DNN N2001-315451 DNC C2001-128616 TТ Method of coating substrate with pigment containing polychromatic coating, used for coating e.g. automotive body, comprises applying first waterborne pigment free coating and then second waterbourne coating containing effect pigment. A32 A82 G02 P42 IN DATTILO, V P PΑ (PITT) PPG IND OHIO INC; (DATT-I) DATTILO V P CYC 95 PΙ WO 2001036112 A2 20010525 (200145) \* EN 71p B05D000-00 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW AU 2001014718 A 20010530 (200152) B05D000-00 <--US 2002122892 A1 20020905 (200260) B05D001-02 <--EP 1232019 A2 20020821 (200262) EN B05D001-06 <--R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR WO 2001036112 A2 WO 2000-US30607 20001107; AU 2001014718 A AU 2001-14718 20001107; US 2002122892 A1 Div ex US 1999-439397 19991115, US 2002-85366 20020228; EP 1232019 A2 EP 2000-977025 20001107, WO 2000-US30607 20001107 AU 2001014718 A Based on WO 200136112; EP 1232019 A2 Based on WO 200136112 PRAI US 1999-439397 19991115; US 2002-85366 20020228 ICM B05D000-00; B05D001-02; B05D001-06 ICS B05D001-34 AΒ WO 200136112 A UPAB: 20010813 NOVELTY - Method of coating a substrate comprises (a) applying a first waterborne coating material, that is free of effect pigment, over the substrate by bell application(s); and (b) applying a second waterborne coating material, that comprises effect pigment, over first coating by bell application(s).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for (A) a

dynamic coating application system (110) with first and second coating supplies, mixer(s) for each supply and a bell applicator for receiving the mixed coating material from the mixer and applying it over the substrate surface; and (B) a method of controlling a multi-bell applicator coating system comprising (i) determining bell rotational speed, shaping air supply and coating flow rate values for a bell applicator to produce a desired droplet uniformity; (ii) using these values to determine a control ratio of (rotational speed multiplied by shaping air supply) over the coating flow rate; and (iii) controlling the rotational speed, shaping air supply and coating delivery rate of each bell applicator of the system to substantially maintain the control ratio.

USE - For applying coatings, e.g. base coats and/or clear coats, onto automotive substrates.

ADVANTAGE - The total amount of effect pigment used to obtain a desired polychromatic effect is reduced reducing the **coating** cost. The multi-applicator system allows the applicators to have independent control features, but coordinates these controls based on a common **coating** system control parameter to promote formation of uniform droplets.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a schematic diagram of a dynamic  ${\bf coating}$  device.

Bell applicator 108

Coating system 110

First mixing system 120

First coating supplies 122a-e

Pumps to supply first coating to first mixer 128a-e

First mixer 140

Second mixing system 144

Second coating supplies 146a-f

Pumps to supply second coating to second mixer 150a-f

ond mixer 156

Dwg.5/6

FS CPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC CPI: A08-E02; A08-S02; A11-B05; A12-B01; G02-A05E

L46 ANSWER 3 OF 30 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT

AN 2002-057363 [08] WPIX

DNN N2002-042335 DNC C2002-016557

TI Wear resistant coating for paint
bell atomizer for electrostatic application of
fluids preferably comprises silicon-doped amorphous
carbon.

DC M13 P42 X25

IN FIALA, A; PETTY, J; POTTER, T; POTTER, T J

PA (FORD) FORD GLOBAL TECHNOLOGIES INC; (FIAL-I) FIALA A; (PETT-I) PETTY J; (POTT-I) POTTER T J

applicants

CYC 6

PΙ GB 2361440 A 20011024 (200208)\* 16p B05B005-00 A1 20011019 (200208) EN CA 2344010 C09D005-46 DE 10112854 A1 20011031 (200208) B05B005-04 JP 2001353455 A 20011225 (200216) 7p B05B005-04 <--KR 2001098691 A 20011108 (200227) B05B015-12 <--US 2002066808 A1 20020606 (200241) B05B005-00 <--US 6409104 B1 20020625 (200246) B05B005-04

ADT GB 2361440 A GB 2001-8000 20010330; CA 2344010 A1 CA 2001-2344010 20010417; DE 10112854 A1 DE 2001-10112854 20010316; JP 2001353455 A JP 2001-115211 20010413; KR 2001098691 A KR 2001-20683 20010418; US

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2002066808 Al Div ex US 2000-552132 20000419, US 2002-57081 20020125; US
      6409104 B1 US 2000-552132 20000419
 PRAI US 2000-552132
                      20000419; US 2002-57081
                                                   20020125
IC
     ICM B05B005-00; B05B005-04; B05B015-12;
           C09D005-46
         B05B003-10; B05D001-04; B05D003-10;
          B05D005-00; B05D007-14; B05D007-24
AB
           2361440 A UPAB: 20020204
     NOVELTY - Bell atomizer for use in
     electrostatic applications has a bell housing and an
     aluminum or titanium bell cup. A
     wear resistant coating, preferably a
     silicon-doped amorphous carbon, is coated directly on a
     surface of an aluminum bell cup. For a
     titanium bell cup, the wear
     resistant coating is formed on an adhesion promoter,
     preferably sputtered chrome, applied to a surface of the cup.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is given for a method of
     improving the wear resistance of the outer surface of
     an aluminum bell cup by applying a
     wear resistant coating after cleaning with a
     soap solution, then water and finally solvent, etching, rinsing, drying
     and atomically cleaning the outer surface.
          USE - Polymer coating application equipment.
          ADVANTAGE - The durability of the paint bell is
     improved without affecting the cost or performance of the equipment.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a cross-sectional view
     of a paint atomizer head formed according to the
     invention.
       Atomizer head 22
       Bell atomizer 32
       Bell cup 36
       Paint channel 38
            Paint particles 40
     Dwg.2/5
     CPĪ EPI GMPI
FS
FA
     AB; GI
MC
     CPI: M13-E02; M13-E06; M13-H; M13-H06
     EPI: X25-K01; X25-K09
L46 ANSWER 4 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
     1999:331036 HCAPLUS
DN
     131:6597
ΤI
     Metallic coating process for forming smooth and glossy films
     with good flip-flop properties
IN
     Nakamura, Shigeru; Ishide, Hideki
PΑ
     Kansai Paint Co., Ltd., Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
TC
     ICM B05D001-04
     ICS B05D005-06; C09D005-38
42-2 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 55, 56
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     JP 11138087
                      A2
                            19990525
                                           JP 1997-309105
                                                             19971112
PRAI JP 1997-309105
                            19971112
```

In the title process, liq. metallic coatings are finely ground AB with a rotational spray-type electrostatic coating app. and then sprayed onto articles at a scattering rate of .gtoreq.10 m/s. Thus, a metal sheet was sprayed with an EtOAc dispersion contg. an acrylic resin 75, Bu etherified melamine resin 25, and A1 flakes 15 parts using a bell-type electrostatic coating app. to give a film with good flip-flop properties, smoothness, and gloss. ST metallic electrostatic coating aluminum acrylic resin; melamine acrylic resin aluminum metallic coating; spray coating electrostatic aluminum acrylic resin Coating materials (glossy; metallic coating process for forming smooth and glossy films with good flip-flop properties) TT Coating materials (metal; metallic coating process for forming smooth and glossy films with good flip-flop properties) ΙT Electrostatic deposition (metallic coating process for forming smooth and glossy films with good flip-flop properties) TΤ Acrylic polymers, uses RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (metallic coating process for forming smooth and glossy films with good flip-flop properties) ΙT Aminoplasts RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (metallic coating process for forming smooth glossy films with good flip-flop properties) ΙT Metals, miscellaneous RL: MSC (Miscellaneous) (substrates; metallic coating process for forming smooth and glossy films with good flip-flop properties) IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (metallic coating process for forming smooth and glossy films with good flip-flop properties) IT 9003-08-1 RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (metallic coating process for forming smooth glossy films with good flip-flop properties) L46 ANSWER 5 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH AN 487772 WSCA DN 99-07772 TIExquisite painting technique for (automobile manufacturer). ΑU BENNETT C SO Metalloberflaeche 1999, Vol 53 No 4, 42 (4 pp). DT Journal LA German AB The processes employed by a UK manufacturer are described. Water-borne paints are applied by rotational spraying using titanium bells. (In German) CC 49 Pretreatment and Application IT Automobiles: painting, plants (UK), processes; Painting : automobiles, plants (UK), processes; Water-borne Coatings:

automobiles, application; Spraying: rotary, bells,

water-bornes; Water-borne Coatings: spraying (rotary), ST APP; rotary spraying; water-borne coating; pretreatment CO Jaguar GT UK; Castle Bromwich L46 ANSWER 6 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH AN 484013 WSCA DN 99-04013 ΤT Influence of temperature and time of exposure to heat on painted surfaces. ΑU PEREZ CAMPOS R M ; NAVARRO MIQUEL V P SO Pitture Vernici 1999, Vol 75 No 2, 7-13. DTJournal LA Italian Furniture coatings were tested for resistance to dry heat AB (100-180 deg. C), and wet heat (55-95 deg. C) by placing a heat source consisting of an aluminium cup containing hot oil on the surface for a specified time, and observing the effects. For the wet heat test, a wet polyamide cloth was placed between the heat source and the surface. The coatings investigated were nitrocellulose, polyurethane, and peroxide- and UV-cured polyester. (In Italian and English) CC 71 Other Properties and Testing Methods Heat Resistance: determination, coatings, oils (hot) in IT cups on; Furniture: coatings, heat resistance determination; Nitrocellulose: coatings, heat resistance determination; Polyurethane Coatings: heat resistance, determination; Polyesters: coatings, heat resistance determination; Polyesters: ultraviolet-curables, heat resistance determination ST UV-curable coating; ultraviolet-curable coating nitrocellulose; polyurethane; peroxide; polyester CN ANSWER 7 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH L46 ΑN DN 98-07769 467769 WSCA Coating of clock faces. ΑU SCHRODER H SO Metalloberflaeche 1998, Vol 52 No 5, 375-7. DTLA AB An installation using spray washing, condensation drying, and rotary bell spray coating is described. (In German) CC 49 Pretreatment and Application IT Clocks: faces, painting, spraying (rotary); Painting: clocks faces; Spraying: rotary, bells, clocks faces ST APP; spraying CO Franz Hermle & Sohn ANSWER 8 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 1997:385649 HCAPLUS AN DN 127:6171 ΤI Baking oven interior coating and stabilizers for the coatings TN Jarema, Chester P.; Stuart, Michael A. PA Henkel Corporation, USA; Jarema, Chester P.; Stuart, Michael A. SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT

LA

IC

Patent

English

ICM C08K005-01

ICS C08K005-13; C08K005-36; B32B015-08; B32B027-00; A21B001-04 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) Section cross-reference(s): 39 FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------19970424 WO 1996-US16128 19961015 PΙ WO 9714745 A1 W: BR, CA, MX, US
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE AA A 19970424 CA 1996-2235478 19961015 CA 2235478 BR 9611079 19990713 BR 1996-11079 19961015 B1 US 6191201 20010220 US 1998-51855 19980420 P PRAI US 1995-5714P 19951020 WO 1996-US16128 W 19961015 A mixt. of 2 stabilizers, 1 including benzene rings bearing hydroxyl AB substituents and the other contg. divalent S atoms, is effective in stabilizing tacky polymers that remain solid .ltoreq.160.degree., particularly polymers of isobutylene, so that the polymers give long service in ambient atm. as protective layers coated on Al substrates and used to line the interiors of paint baking ovens. The coatings having accumulated contaminants can be decompd. to largely volatile products by heating to a temp. substantially higher then the service temp. but below the metal substrate melt temp. A coating contg. Vistanex LM-MH, Irganox 1010, Cyanox 1212, and mineral spirits was used to coat an Al foil cup; showing good resistance to aging at 176.degree.. ST lining paint baking oven; protective coating baking oven; isobutylene rubber antioxidant protective coating; Irganox antioxidant protective coating; hindered phenol antioxidant protective coating; aluminum protective coating rubber antioxidant; heat decomposable rubber antioxidant coating IT Butyl rubber, uses Isobutylene rubber RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (binder; in interior coating for baking oven) IT (by thermal degrdn. of compn. of isobutylene polymer and antioxidants; of interior coating for baking oven) ΙT Ovens (compn. of isobutylene polymer and antioxidants; interior coating or lining for paint baking) IT Coating materials (compn. of isobutylene polymer and antioxidants; interior coating or lining for paint baking oven) IT Antioxidants (in interior coating for baking oven) IT 9010-85-9 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (butyl rubber, binder; in interior coating for baking oven) ΙŢ 111-17-1D, Thiodipropionic acid, mixed lauryl stearyl esters 123-28-4. Cyanox LTDP 128-37-0, uses 6683-19-8, Irganox 1010 103735-37-1, Cyanox 1212 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (in interior coating for baking oven) ΙT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, miscellaneous RL: MSC (Miscellaneous) (in interior coating for baking oven) IT 9003-27-4 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(isobutylene rubber, binder; in interior coating for baking oven)

- L46 ANSWER 9 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH
- AN 427882 WSCA DN 96-07882
- TI Electrostatic application using minibells of powder coatings on automobile bodies.
- AU LACCHIA A ; LAMBINET G
- SO Surfaces 1996, Vol 35 No 260, 65 (6 pp).
- DT Journal
- LA French
- AB The process is described. Control of the powder flow is particularly considered. (In French)
- CC 49 Pretreatment and Application
- Powder Coatings: electrostatic spraying, automobiles, equipment/bells; Electrostatic Spraying: powder coatings, equipment/automobiles, bells; Automobiles: powder coatings, electrostatic spraying, equipment/bells
- ST APP; electrostatic spraying
- L46 ANSWER 10 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH
- AN 441012 WSCA DN 97-01012
- TI Application of powder coatings.
- AU ANON
- SO Ind.-Lack.-Betrieb 1996, Vol 64 No 9, 508 (4 pp).
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AB The use of electrostatic spray bells for powder coating is described. (In German)
- CC 49 Pretreatment and Application
- Powder Coatings: electrostatic spraying, bells (rotary); Electrostatic Spraying: powder coatings, bells (rotary)
- ST APP; electrostatic spraying
- L46 ANSWER 11 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH
- AN 407496 WSCA DN 95-07496
- TI Developments in electrostatic techniques in the industrial sector.
- AU HEBERLEIN K
- SO Ind.-Lack.-Betrieb 1995, Vol 63 No 2, 39-48.
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AB Electrostatic methods are surveyed, considering pneumatic, airless and assisted airless spraying, electrostatic spraying (including spraying of conductive and textured coatings), automatic electrostatic spraying (including airless), electrostatic powder coating, fluidised bed coating, modified triboelectric processes, and powder coating with rotational bells and discs. (In German)
- CC 49 Pretreatment and Application
- IT Electrostatic Coating: methods, review; Powder Coatings: electrostatic application; Electrostatic Coating: powder coatings
- ST APP; review; conductive coating
- L46 ANSWER 12 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH
- AN 407485 WSCA DN 95-07485
- TI Keep up with changes or success will pass you by.
- AU ANON
- SO Coatings Mag. 1995, Vol 16 No 4, 63-4.
- DT Journal
- LA English

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Custom coating by a Winnipeg, Manitoba, company is discussed,
AB
      including equipment used, measures to overcome the Faraday cage effect,
      colour matching, solvents distillation, and paint sludges
      (incineration but with centrifugation being considered). A five-stage
      iron phosphate pretreatment system includes a chromate conversion stage
      as an adhesion promoter for aluminium products. There are four
      water wash spray booths, two automatic with atomising
      bells and two manual touch-up booths. High-solids
      coatings are applied. Rotary bells may be placed right
      up against the substrates. A fire in 1991 was caused by a grounding wire
      breaking an atomising bell whilst solvents were being
      flushed out.
      49 Pretreatment and Application
      High-solids Coatings: application, painting
IT
      (contract), Canada; Painting: contract, high-solids
      coatings, Canada; Electrostatic Spraying: high-solids
      coating, contract, Canada
ST
      APP; contract painting; electrostatic spraying;
      atomisation; spray gun; phosphating; aluminium substrate
GT
      CANADA; MANITOBA; WINNIPEG
CN
      IRON PHOSPHATE
      DURACRON (PPG INDUSTRIES); DURANAR (PPG INDUSTRIES); INTERMIX (PPG
TN
      INDUSTRIES); PAINT PIG (ALFA-LAVAL)
    ANSWER 13 OF 30 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT
AN
     1995-000948 [01]
                        WPIX
DNC C1995-000404
     Coated aluminium alloy bucket tappet - has wear
     resistant plasma sprayed coating contg. molybdenum and
     molybdenum tri oxide.
     HEINZEL, W; WEBER, T; GOEING, P
     (PTGP-N) PTG PLASMA-OBERFLAECHENTECHNIK GMBH
CYC 4
PΙ
     EP 626466
                   A2 19941130 (199501) * DE
                                               qe
                                                     C23C004-06
         R: DE FR GB IT
     DE 4317350
                  A1 19941201 (199502)
                                               q8
                                                     C23C004-06
     DE 4317350
                   C2 19950420 (199520)
                                               g8
                                                     C23C004-06
                   A3 19951220 (199619)
     EP 626466
                                                     C23C004-06
    EP 626466 A2 EP 1994-107658 19940518; DE 4317350 A1 DE 1993-4317350
     19930525; DE 4317350 C2 DE 1993-4317350 19930525; EP 626466 A3 EP
     1994-107658 19940518
PRAI DE 1993-4317350 19930525
REP DE 2852534; DE 3814362; EP 326658; FR 2234382
    ICM C23C004-06
    ICS C23C004-04; C23C014-06; C23C014-14; C23C014-16; F01L001-14;
          F01L003-04
AΒ
           626466 A UPAB: 19950110
      Coating of an Al alloy bucket tappet is carried out by
    plasma spraying of a Mo- and MoO3-contg. powder mixt. with an oxygen
    content of 2-8%. The powder mixt. may be plasma sprayed with oxygen supply
     (pref. as the powder carrier gas), in which case the MoO3 is formed by
    partial oxidn. of the Mo powder during spraying, or without oxygen, in
    which case the powder mixt. contains Mo powder and MoO3 powder.
         Also claimed are (i) a bucket tappet of Al alloy with a
    surface coating (25) contg. a mixt. of Mo and MoO3, the mixt.
    having an oxygen content of 2-8%; and (ii) use of plasma spraying of
    mixts. of Mo and MoO3 for coating aluminium bucket
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tappets.

cylindrical shaft region, is improved by the lubricating action of the MoO3 and the high adhesion of the coating. The coated lightweight tappet has a service life corresponding to that of conventional steel bucket tappets and does not require expensive inserts of hard material. Dwg.3/6 FS CPI FA AB; GI CPI: M13-C ANSWER 14 OF 30 JICST-EPlus COPYRIGHT 2003 JST L46 ΑN 940407831 JICST-EPlus TΙ Guide of coating materials and painting technology in '94 - challenges to comfort, environment and advanced technology. Titanium oxide. ΑU ISHIMURA YASUO CS Ishiharasangyo Giken SO Kogyo Zairyo (Engineering Materials), (1994) vol. 42, no. 7, pp. 51-60. Journal Code: F0172A (Fig. 16, Tbl. 6, Ref. 17) CODEN: KZAIA5; ISSN: 0452-2834 CY Japan DT Journal; Commentary LAJapanese STA New There is good correspondence between the consumption of titanium AB oxide and GDP. In the production methods, sulfuric acid process and chlorine process have the history of 80 years and 40 years respectively, and the recent production ratio of each method is 50/50. Titanium oxide has 2 crystalline forms, anatase type and rutile type. The following are described: Fundamental properties, dispersiveness of pigments, weatherability of coated films, lowering of film clearness by bell -type coating machines and countermeasures of titanium oxide, technical development in new coating materials such as water borne acrylics, water borne monocoat for automobiles and powder coating materials. CC YJ03030B (667.622) titanium oxide; GNP; anatase; rutile type crystal; degree of CTdispersion; inorganic pigment; weather resistance; sharpness; water borne coatings; powder coatings ВТ metal oxide; oxide; chalcogenide; oxygen group element compound; oxygen compound; titanium compound; 4A group element compound; transition metal compound; production; oxide mineral; mineral(geology); crystal; solid(matter); degree; pigment(paint); resistance (endure); coating material (paint) L46 ANSWER 15 OF 30 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT 1992-078817 [10] AN WPIX DNN N1992-059018 DNC C1992-036513 TΙ Microwaveable cup prodn. for heating food prod. - by coating cup liner coated with curable pref. poly organo siloxane compsn. contg. electromagnetic absorptive material, curing and sealing. DC A92 P42 IN GIBBON, R M PA (JMKI-N) JMK INT INC CYC PΤ US 5088179 A 19920218 (199210) \* ADT US 5088179 A US 1990-596946 19901012

19901012

PRAI US 1990-596946

B05D005-00

IC

CULBERT 10/057081

AB US 5088179 A UPAB: 19931006

Microwaveable cup (11), warming its contents when exposed to microwave energy, is made by coating the external liner wall (21) of a cup liner (19) with a room temp. vulcanisable, microwaveable compsn. (29), allowing the coating to cure without applying heat, and sealing the cup liner within the open interior of a cup body (15) dimensioned such that there is an open space between it and the liner.

Pref. the room temp. vulcanisable compsn. is a hydroxyl end stopped polyorganosiloxane blended with an electromagnetic absorptive material, e.g. ferrites, powdered iron, but esp. aluminium powder or zinc oxide.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The cup is essentially a microwaveable container for heating food and drink prods. more efficiently in a microwave oven, e.g. the microwaveable compsn. coated cup was capable of heating a fluid to 205 deg.F in 3 minutes whereas an uncoated cup only heated the fluid to 190 deg.F.

FS CPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC CPI: A06-A00E; A08-D05; A11-C02C; A12-D03; A12-P06B

L46 ANSWER 16 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1992:532923 HCAPLUS

DN 117:132923

TI The influence of titanium dioxide pigments on coatings applied by high speed electrostatic bell

AU Reeves, N.

CS SCAA Convention, Melbourne, Australia

SO Surface Coatings Australia (1992), 29(3), 6-9 CODEN: SCAUE6; ISSN: 0815-709X

DT Journal

LA English

CC 42-2 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

AB The electrostatic bell speed, voltage, and paint feed rate played an important role in final alkyd-melamine resin coating appearance because each had a bearing on paint atomization. Finishes applied by high-speed electrostatic bell (HSEB) were sensitive to changes in application and formulation parameters such as the type of solvents used. The most likely cause of reduced gloss and increased haze following HSEB application was some form of TiO2 pigment flocculation or agglomeration occurring during the application process.

ST electrostatic bell spray coating; titania pigment coating electrostatic bell; alkyd melamine resin coating electrostatic; solvent coating electrostatic bell; spray coating pigment effect

IT Coating materials

(alkyd-melamine resins, gloss redn. in, obtained by high-speed electrostatic bell, factors affecting)

IT Alkyd resins

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, contg. formaldehyde-melamine copolymer, appearance of, effect of high-speed electrostatic bell application and formulation parameters on)

IT Flocculation

(of titanium oxide pigments, appearance of coatings applied by high-speed electrostatic bell in relation to)

Electrodeposition and Electroplating (electrostatic spray, with high-speed bell, effect of application and formulation parameters on) IT 9003-08-1, Formaldehyde-melamine copolymer RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, contg. alkyd resins, appearance of, effect of high-speed electrostatic bell application and formulation parameters on) IT 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, uses RL: USES (Uses) (pigments, appearance of coatings applied by high-speed electrostatic bell spray, flocculation or agglomeration of) ANSWER 17 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L46 1991:8339 HCAPLUS ΑN 114:8339 Inorganic coating compositions Kimura, Toshiro; Okuno, Giichi; Moritsu, Yukikazu Okuno Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent LA Japanese IC ICM C09D001-02 CC 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PΙ JP 02129269 A2 19900517 JP 1988-283300 19881109 PRAI JP 1988-283300 19881109 The title compns. forming decorative coatings on various nonplastic substrates, with excellent soiling resistance, hydrophilicity, antimildew properties, elec. insulation, etc. contain 100 parts (as solids) inorg. binder formed by dissolving 20-50 parts SiO2 in 100 parts (solids) K silicate to SiO2/K2O molar ratio 4.0-5.3, 1-10 parts inorg. fibrous powder, and 10-50 parts colorants. In 195 parts water was heated 100 parts 100:36.8 mixt. of K silicate and SiO2 at 90-100.degree. for 2 h under stirring to give an inorg. binder. The binder 100 (as solids), TiO2 26, TISMO-D 0.8, and talc 6 parts were ball-milled 4 h, spray-coated on stainless steel, set 10 min, heated from 50.degree. to 180.degree. over 15 min, and cured at 180.degree. for 30 min to give a 20 .mu.m coating showing good performances in appearances, boiling water resistance, gas barrier, heat resistance, adhesion, hardness, wear resistance, bending strength, and weather resistance. silicate silica binder inorg coating ST TΤ Pigments (for potassium silicate coatings) IT Mica-group minerals, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (potassium silicate coatings contg. fibrous inorg. powder and, for nonplastic substrates) IT Paper (potassium silicate fire-resistance coatings for) ΙT Coating materials (potassium silicate-based, contg. inorg. fibrous powder, for nonplastic materials) IT Electric insulators and Dielectrics (coatings, potassium silicate-based)

```
ΙT
      Dishes
         (cups, potassium silicate coatings for glass)
 IT
      Coating materials
         (fire-resistant, potassium silicate-based, for paper)
 IT
      Coating materials
         (mildew-resistant, potassium silicate-based)
 ΙT
      Pearly substances
         (pigments, for potassium silicate coatings, for nonplastic
         substrate)
 ΙT
      Synthetic fibers
      RL: USES (Uses)
         (potassium titanate, potassium silicate coatings contg., for
         nonplastic substrates)
 IT
      1312-76-1
      RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (coatings, contg. fibrous inorg. powder, for nonplastic
         materials)
ΙT
      98227-08-8, Cloisonne blue
                                   98227-11-3, Cloisonne Nu Antique Rouge Flambe
      98227-12-4, Cloisonne supergreen
                                         130938-63-5, Cloisonne Nu Antique Red
      130938-64-6, Cloisonne Red
                                   130939-44-5, Flamenco Gold
                                                                130939-51-4,
     Iriodin 4217-300 Gold Stain
                                   130939-52-5, Iriodin 4580 Rutile-Silver
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (pigments, for potassium silicate coatings, for nonplastic
         substrate)
ΙT
     101027-05-8, Daipyroxide Black 9510
                                            130938-79-3, Daipyroxide Green 9320
     130939-50-3, Iriodin 4231-500 Bronze
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (pigments, for potassium silicate coatings, for nonplastic
        substrates)
IT
     7631-86-9, Silica, uses and miscellaneous
                                                  13463-67-7, Tipaque R-550,
     uses and miscellaneous 14807-96-6, Micro Ace K1, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (potassium silicate coatings contg. fibrous inorg. powder
        and, for nonplastic substrates)
IT
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses and miscellaneous
                                                    11109-50-5
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (potassium silicate coatings for)
L46 ANSWER 18 OF 30 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT
     1991-191075 [26]
AN
                        WPIX
DNC
    C1991-083016
ΤI
     Blast furnace loading appts. prodn. - using highly exothermic charge for
     filling groove of bell and hopper, and coated with
     material not taking part in thermal synthesis.
DC
     M24
ΙN
     OLYANENKO, V N; RAUROV, V V; RUDENKO, A A
PA
     (DNMW) DNEPR METAL WKS
CYC
PΙ
     SU 1583446
                  A 19900807 (199126) *
ADT SU 1583446 A SU 1988-4376597 19880208
PRAI SU 1988-4376597 19880208
IC
     C21B007-18
AB
     SU
          1583446 A UPAB: 19930928
     Longer service life of the bell unit for blast furnace top is
     ensured by deposition of a wear-resistant
     coating by filling the recesses of the bell and of the
     hopper with highly exothermic charge. The outside of the latter is coated
     with a material that does not enter into the thermal synthesis process.
     The bell and hopper are brought together to ensure contact of
     the recess filled with the charge to initiate the self-propagating
```

high-temp. synthesis of the charge by heating the **bell** and the hopper. After hardening of the melt, the **bell** and hopper are subjected to relative shift.

The depth and width of the recesses (3,4) at the contact bands of the bell and hopper (1,2) correspond to the sizes of the wear resistant charge. The exothermic reaction ensures fusion of the coating charge (5,6) filling the recesses with the overlays (7,8) not reacting with the charge during the synthesis. The assembly is heated in a furnace held at the upper critical temp., followed by ignition, while the indifferent layer is formed with Al2O3, Cr2O3, MgO or graphite. The highly exothermic charge is based on oxides of transition metals and metals of the group Fe, Al, and non-metals such as C, B and Si.

ADVANTAGE - The extended mean service life of the loading appts in the blast furnace reduces the stock of exchange part to be held and extends the periods between consecutive servicing. Bul.29/7.8.90 @(3pp Dwg.No.1/1)@

FS CPI

FA AB

MC CPI: M24-A05

L46 ANSWER 19 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1991:538266 HCAPLUS

DN 115:138266

TI The influence of titanium dioxide pigments on coatings applied by high-speed electrostatic bell

AU Melville, Iain

CS Tioxide UK Ltd., UK

SO FATIPEC Congress (1990), 20th, 37-40 CODEN: FAPVAP; ISSN: 0430-2222

DT Journal

LA English

CC 42-6 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

AB Electrostatic bell speed, voltage, paint
-feed rate, and solvents affect the final appearance of automobiles
painted by the title process. The loss in gloss and distinctness
of image caused by the electrostatic bell probably
arises from TiO2 flocculation.

ST titanium dioxide gloss distinctness electrostatic; electrostatic bell coating automobile pigment

IT Automobiles

(coating for, high-speed electrostatic-bell
technique for, pigment and processing conditions in relation to)

IT Coating process

(electrostatic, bell, for automobiles, pigment and processing conditions in relation to)

IT 13463-67-7, **Titanium** dioxide, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses)

(pigments, in electrostatic bell coating of automobiles, final appearance in relation to)

L46 ANSWER 20 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1987:603639 HCAPLUS

DN 107:203639

TI Primer coating of aluminum or aluminum alloy sheet

IN Iwama, Tetsuji; Katsumata, Tsuyoshi; Nishijima, Yuzo; Takeuchi, Isao

PA Mitsubishi Aluminum Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

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DΤ
      Patent
 LA
      Japanese
 IC
      ICM C23C022-66
      56-6 (Nonferrous Metals and Alloys)
 CC
      Section cross-reference(s): 42
 FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
      -----
                             -----
                                            -----
      JP 62124282 A2
JP 07081194 B4
                             19870605
                                            JP 1985-261317 19851122
 PRAI JP 1985-261317
                             19950830
                             19851122
      The cold-rolled Al or Al alloy sheet for deep forming
      into containers is coated with a primer layer without the necessity of an
      anchor layer to improve paintability. The alloy sheet is treated with a neutral or basic soln. to form a hydroxide film, coated
      with a silicate soln., and then soft-annealed to form the primer layer.
      Thus, a degreased sheet of JIS 1200 H18 Al was dip-coated
      (.apprx.1 mg/dm2) in an aq. soln. (.apprx.85, pH 10.5) contg. 200 ppm
     NaOCl and then in aq. 1.5% water glass soln. (pH 11.4, 80.degree.) for
      .apprx.0.2 mg (as Si)/dm2, dried at 150.degree., and annealed 13 h in air
     at 220.degree.. The treated sheet was bake-coated (.apprx.120 mg/dm2)
     with Vinylorganosol 8510-J50M EXP. 165, and pressed into cups.
     The layer-adhesion strength of the cups, before or after dipping
     30 min in boiling water, was 6.5 or 5.0 vs. 5.0 or 2.5 kg/15-mm width,
     resp., when the hydroxide coating was eliminated.
ST
     primer coating aluminum sheet paintability;
     sodium hypochlorite coating aluminum alloy; water
     glass coating aluminum alloy
ΙT
     Coating process
         (primer, of cold-rolled aluminum alloy sheet, for anchor-free
         layer)
IT
     Aluminum alloy, base
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (primer coating sheet of, for improved paintability
     111214-35-8
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (bake painting with, of aluminum sheet free
        cups, anchor-free primer coating for)
IT
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses and miscellaneous
                                                    39323-99-4
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (primer coating sheet of, for improved paintability
L46 ANSWER 21 OF 30 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT
AN
     1985-192687 [32]
                        WPIX
DNN N1985-144448
                        DNC C1985-083960
TΤ
     Paint compsn. for bell-type coating machine
     - contains base resin material and titanium di oxide having
     specified particle size.
DC
     A82 G02 P42
PΑ
     (NIOF) NIPPON OILS & FATS CO LTD
CYC
ΡI
     JP 60118766
                  A 19850626 (198532)*
                                                4p
ADT JP 60118766 A JP 1983-224417 19831130
PRAI JP 1983-224417
                      19831130
IC
    B05D001-04; B05D007-24; C09D005-46
     JP 60118766 A UPAB: 19930925
    Compsn. consists of 100 pts.wt. base resin material (solid) and 10\text{--}200
     pts.wt. titanium dioxide whose ave. particle size is less than
```

CULBERT 10/057081

0.22 microns (pref. more than 0.01 microns and rutile type).

Base resin material is e.g. acrylic-, polyester-, alkyd-, epoxy- and silicon- resin. Both solvent-type and water-soln.-type are used. Crosslinking agent includes melamine-, benzoguanamine-, phenol-, toluene- and xylene- resins, blocked isocvanate, etc.

Prepn. of the paint compsn. comprises: adding fine grain titanium dioxide and opt. other colouring pigments, fillers, rust-preventive pigments, etc. to the base resin material soln. obtd. by dissolving solvent-type base material in aromatic hydrocarbon, aliphatic hydrocarbon, esters, ketones, alcohols, etc. (for solvent-type paint) or by neutralising water-soluble base material with ammonium, amine, etc. (for water-soluble-type paint); and mixing and dispersing by roll mill, ball mill, sand grind mill, high speed stirring machine, etc. to obtain pigment base. Then opt. crosslinking agent, floating inhibitor, colour sepn. inhibitor, gas checking agent, etc. are added to the obtd. pigment base, mixing and dispersing being carried out with above mentioned machines.

FS CPI GMPI

FA AB

MC CPI: A08-E02; A12-B01; G02-A02B; G02-A03

L46 ANSWER 22 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH

AN 203214 WSCA DN 85-03214

TI New bicycle finishing plant of Hercules.

AU ANON

SO Ind.-Lack.-Betrieb 1984, Vol 52 No 11, 423-7.

DT Journal

LA German

AB Technical details of the installation are discussed, including use of high-speed electrostatic discs rather than **bells**. Powder **coatings** were deemed impracticable for a factory producing 1000 bicycles per day. Other procedures, including quality control testing, are outlined. (In German)

CC 49 Pretreatment and Application

Bicycles: finishing, plants for; Electrostatic Spraying: high-speed discs, bicycles; Painting: bicycles, plants for

CO HERCULES-WERKE GMBH

L46 ANSWER 23 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1983:36392 HCAPLUS

DN 98:36392

- TI Powdered ethylene polymers for electrostatic coating of paper containers
- PA Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC C09D005-00; C08J003-12; D21H001-40

ICA B05D001-06; B31B001-60

CC 43-7 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products) Section cross-reference(s): 42

FAN.CNT 1

|      | PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO.                         | DATE     |
|------|---------------|------|----------|---|----------|
|      |               |      |          |   |          |
| ΡI   | JP 57133167   | A2   | 19820817 | JP 1981-18995                           | 19810213 |
| PRAI | JP 1981-18995 |      | 19810213 | 1 | 10010213 |

AB The ethylene polymers have melt index 1-20 g/10 min, powder rest angle 27-40.degree., size distribution 50% of granules 20-150 .mu. and >90% of

CULBERT 10/057081

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granules <200 .mu., bulk d. 0.30-0.50, and spherical or oval shapes and
      are prepd. by suspension polymn. Thus, internal coatings on
      laminated cups prepd. from ethylene-propylene copolymer
      [9010-79-1] (d. 0.960 g/cm3, melt index 4 g/10 min, rest angle 34.degree.,
      bulk d. 0.46 g/cm3, and granule size 1\% >295 .mu., 5\% 180-295 .mu., 9\%
      140-180 .mu., 23% 105-140 .mu., 41% 75-105 .mu., 16% 50-75 .mu., and 4%
      30-50 .mu.) had good sealing properties, good smoothness, and unevenness
      0.2 g, compared with poor, poor, and 1.2, resp., for coating
      with Neozex 4330P (polyethylene).
      ethylene propylene copolymer powd coating; cup powder
 ST
      coating ethylene copolymer; container powder coating
      ethylene copolymer
 TΨ
      Paper
         (containers, coatings for, powd. ethylene copolymers as)
 IT
      Coating materials
         (powd. ethylene copolymers, on paper containers)
      Dishes
         (cups, aluminum-paper-polyethylene laminates,
         coatings on, powd. ethylene polymers as)
 ΙT
      9010-79-1
                  25087-34-7
                               25213-02-9
      RL: USES (Uses)
         (coatings, powd., on paper containers)
 IT
      7429-90-5, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (foils, laminates with polyethylene and paper, for containers,
         coatings on, powd. ethylene copolymers as)
     9002-88-4
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (laminates with aluminum foil and paper, for containers,
        coatings on, powd. ethylene copolymers as)
L46
      ANSWER 24 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH
ΑN
      143501
              WSCA
                          DN 82-03501
      Applying organic coatings. Rotational atomisers: bells
ΤI
      and discs.
AU
      ZIEGEWEID J E
SO
      Metal Fin. 1981, Vol 79 No 9, 75-80.
DΨ
      Journal
LA
      English
      Bell and disc rotational atomisers for use in electrostatic spraying are
AB
      described.
CC
      49 Pretreatment and Application
      BELL/DISCS FOR ATOMISATION IN ELECTROSTATIC SPRAYING
IT
      ROTATIONAL; COATING (PRODUCT); APPLYING (COVERING ETC); DISC; BELL; USE;
ST
      SPRAYING; ORG; ELECTROSTATIC; ATOMISER
     ANSWER 25 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
1.46
AN
     1976:123508 HCAPLUS
     84:123508
DN
TΙ
     Metallic finish coating compositions
IN
     Maruyama, Tsutomu; Kato, Tadahiro; Ogawa, Masao
     Nippon Electrocure Co., Ltd., Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
     Patent
     Japanese
     B05D
     42-2 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
     Section cross-reference(s): 55
FAN.CNT 1
```

PA

SO

DΤ

LA

IC

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----PI JP 51008341 A2 19760123 PRAI JP 1974-79422 19740711 JP 1974-79422 19740711 Wet-on-wet-coatable and electron-curable primers, middle layer coatings (optional), and top coating compns. were prepd. Thus, 100 parts of an acrylic resin varnish comprising Et acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer (I) [40989-39-7] 40, Me methacrylate [80-62-6] 20, Bu methacrylate [97-88-1] 20, 1,6-hexanediol dimethacrylate [6606-59-3] 10, and 2-ethylhexyl methacrylate [688-84-6] 10 was dispersed with 10 parts phthalocyanine blue pigment to give a blue enamel, which (100 parts) was mixed with an Al paste (naphtha soln. contg. 66% Al) 5, a cellulose acetate butyrate soln. contg. 80% Me methacrylate 30, Me methacrylate 40, Bu methacrylate 40, 2-ethylhexyl methacrylate 15, 1,6-hexanediol diacrylate [13048-33-4] 5, and a com. phosphate 0.4 part to give a blue metallic coating compn. (viscosity Ford Cup 4 18 sec). The coating compn. was electrostatically spray coated on a steel sheet, and set 3 min. An acrylic resin (I) 45, Me methacrylate 25, 2-ethylhexyl acrylate [103-11-7]10, iso-Bu acrylate [106-63-8] 10, 1,6-hexanediol dimethacrylate 8, trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate [3290-92-4] 2, and a silicone agent 0.1 part were mixed to give a clear coating compn., which was coated on the metallic coating film, and exposed to electron beams (10 Mrad) to give a cured metallic finish coating film. acrylic resin coating compn; irradn curing resin coating ST ; metallic finish resin coating; enamel acrylic resin IT Coating materials (acrylate monomers-acrylic polymer, wet-on-wet coatable and electron-curable) IT Electron beam, chemical and physical effects (crosslinking by, of acrylic coatings) IT Crosslinking (of acrylic coatings, by electron beams) 80-62-6 97-88-1 103-11-7 106-63-8 6 ΙT 688-84-6 3290-92-4 13048-33-4 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, contg. acrylate monomers and acrylic polymers, wet-on-wet coatable and electron-curable) 40989-39-7 IT RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, contg. acrylate monomers, wet-on-wet coatable and electron-curable) L46 ANSWER 26 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ΑN 1975:37337 HCAPLUS DN 82:37337 Light-sensitive structure TI IN Fromson, Howard A. SO U.S., 9 pp. Division of U.S. 3,773,514. CODEN: USXXAM DTPatent LA English IC G03C NCL 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes) CC FAN.CNT 3 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----PΙ US 3839037 Α 19741001 US 1973-380019 19730717

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CULBERT
          10/057081
                                 Page 24
                     A
      US 3773514
                            19731120
                                           US 1971-171052
                                                           19710812
                      A1
      FR 2148643
                            19730323
                                          FR 1972-29207
                                                           19720811
      FR 2148643
                       B1
                            19791012
     AT 7206960
                       Α
                            19751115
                                           AT 1972-6960
                                                           19720811
     AT 331271
                      В
                            19760810
 PRAI US 1971-171052
                            19710812
     Light-sensitive structures for use in the prepn. of presensitized lithog.
     plates having a hard, durable, and wear-resistant
     coating thereon that requires no addnl. solvents or processing to
     ready the plate for the press are described. The structure consists of a
     support having coated thereon a light-sensitive layer having one soly. in
     relation to the solvent before exposure to actinic radiation, and another
     soly. in relation to the solvent after exposure with a tough, wear
     -resistant, preferably vapor deposited, porous metallic layer of
     Moh's hardness .gtoreq.1 which is transparent to actinic radiation and
     permeable to the solvent used in developing the light-sensitive layer.
     Thus, an anodized Al support was presensitized with a diazo
     resin and then placed in a bell jar coater where Au
     was vapor deposited on the plate. The Au coating was 35%
     transparent and, after exposure through a test negative, the plate was
     developed using H2O and gum arabic. The plate was then locked on the roll
     of an offset-type lithog. press and used to obtain prints of good quality.
     gold coated presensitized plate; lithog plate gold coated
ST
ΙT
     Lithographic plates
        (presensitized, with vapor deposited transparent and porous metallic
        coatings for improved durability)
IT
     7440-22-4, uses and miscellaneous
                                       7440-50-8, uses and miscellaneous
     7789-75-5, uses and miscellaneous 11142-87-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (coatings, transparent and porous vapor-deposited, on
        presensitized lithog. plates for improved durability)
IT
     7440-57-5, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (coatings, transparent andporous vapor-deposited, on
        presensitized lithog. plates for improved durability)
L46
    ANSWER 27 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
     1970:138354 HCAPLUS
DN
     72:138354
TI
     Phthalocyanine metal compounds
     Sharp, James H.; Miller, Roger L.; Lardon, Marcel A.
IN
PA
    Xerox Corp.
SO
    Ger. Offen., 22 pp.
    CODEN: GWXXBX
DΤ
    Patent
LΑ
    German
IC
    C09B
    74 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes)
CC
FAN.CNT 2
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                     ----
                           -----
                                         ______
PΙ
    DE 1944021
                           19700305 DE 1969-1944021 19690829
                     Α
    BR 6909984
                     A0
                           19730412
                                         BR 1969-209984 19690620
    FR 2016641
                     A5
                           19700508
                                         FR 1969-29016
                                                          19690825
    GB 1268422
                    A
                           19720329
                                         GB 1969-1268422 19690825
                         19700226
    BE 737988
                    Α
                                         BE 1969-737988 19690826
                     B 19720925
    SE 349315
                                         SE 1969-11948
                                                          19690828
    ES 371011
                    A1 19711016
                                         ES 1969-371011
                                                          19690829
    NL 6913309
                    A
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Α

US 3862127

19700303

19750121

NL 1969-13309

US 1972-271868

19690901

19720714

CULBERT 10/057081 Page 25 PRAI US 1968-756362 19680830 US 1968-756365 19680830 US 1968-765365 19680830 US 1969-847381 19690804 Polymorphic phthalocyanines (Pc) were sublimed quickly to give X-form Pc AB derivs. (U.S. 3,357,989) which are useful in electrophotography and have high brilliance, resistance to recrystn. by heat and solvents, and light stability. Thus, 0.5 g .alpha.-CuPc in a heated Mo crucible was vapor deposited at 10-3 mm Hg in 2 min on an optical Mylar foil (Type D, du Pont) to give X- CuPc. A coating compn. consisting of Epon 1007 70 in Et Cellosolve 80, Methy lon (a PhOH resin) 40, Uformide F-240 (a urea-HCHO resin) 9, and x-CuPc 20 parts was coated (40-.mu. thick) on an Al plate, cured 2 hr at 180.degree., charged with a corona discharge (600 V), exposed (10 sec, 43 lx) under a black and white diapos. by using an enlarger (f/4.5) and a W filament lamp (color temp. 2950.degree.K), and the latent electrostatic image developed according to the process in U.S. 2,618,551 and transferred to paper plates to give a high-quality image. phthalocyanines electrophotog; electrophotog phthalocyanines; copper ST phthalocyanines electrophotog IT Photography (electro-, photoconductors for, transition metal phthalocyanines in) IT Cobalt, with phthalocyanine Copper, with phthalocyanine Phthalocyanine, transition metal complexes Zinc, with phthalocyanine RL: USES (Uses) (photoconductors, for electrophotography) ANSWER 28 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH L46 AN 560405 WSCA DN 03-00405 TI Paint composition. PA MITSUBOSHI BELTING CO Japanese Unexamined Patent, 5 pp: Jap. Pat. Abs (Unexamined) 2002, No 23, SO Gp G, 265. ΡI JP 2001342380 DTPatent LA AB The paint is used to coat glass cups and bottles to make obscured glass, and for surface protecting or colouring tiles, etc. The composition is inexpensive and does not involve hydrogen fluoride, projecting sand, etc. The paint comprises an alkali silicate, aluminium oxide powder and a synthetic sodium and magnesium silicate not containing lithium. 64 Paints, Etc for Other Specific Uses CC Glass: coatings, silicates (org/inorg) aluminium TΤ oxide; Silicate Paints: for glass, silicates (org)/silicates (inorg); Tiles: coatings, silicates (org/inorg)/ aluminium oxide; Silicates: organic, coatings for glass/tiles; Magnesium Silicate: coatings, for glass/tiles ST glass substrate; glass bottle sodium silicate; hydrogen fluoride; alkali silicate; aluminium CN oxide; magnesium silicate; lithium ANSWER 29 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH AN 308195 WSCA 90-08195 DN Perfumed coatings. TI TOYO KOGYO CO PΑ

Japanese Unexamined Patent, 5 pp: Jap. Pat. Abs (Unexamined) 1990, Vol 90

No 3, Gp G, 10.

SO

- ΡI JP 01297181
- DT Patent

. :

- LA Japanese
- AB Perfumed coatings are applied to articles by simultaneously spraying a solvent-borne coating and an org. solvent solution of cyclodextrin containing a perfume. The method ensures uniform distribution of perfume throughout the coating. CC
- 64 Paints, etc. for other Specific Uses
- ΙT Perfumes: cyclodextrins &, spraying simultaneous coatings; Cyclodextrins: perfumes &, spraying simultaneous coatings; Spraying: bells/discs, perfumes/cyclodextrins/coatings ST
- rotating bell
- CN CYCLODEXTRIN
- ANSWER 30 OF 30 WSCA COPYRIGHT 2003 PAINT RESEARCH L46
- AN WSCA DN 86-04213
- TI Paint composition for bell-type coating machine.
- PA NIPPON OILS & FATS CO
- Japanese Unexamined Patent, 4 pp: Jap. Pat. Gaz. 1985, Vol 85 No 32, Gp SO PΙ
- JP 60118766
- Patent DT
- Japanese LA
- The compsn, which may be solvent- or water-borne, contains AB titanium dioxide with an average particle size of less than 2 microns, and preferably of the rutile type.
- 32 Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers General CC ΙT
- Titanium Dioxide: coatings, for spraying; Electrostatic Spraying: titanium dioxide-containing compsns
- electrostatic spraying; water-borne coating; STsolvent-borne coating; application
- CN TITANIUM DIOXIDE